

G-code/fr

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Cette page tente de décrire le '*G-code*' que les firmwares Reprap utilisent et comment ils fonctionnent. La cible principale est la fabrication additive en utilisant le processus FFF. Codes pour les mouvements de la tête d'impression suivent le NIST RS274NGC norme G-code (http://www.nist.gov/manuscript-publication-search.cfm?pub_id=823374), de sorte que les firmwares Reprap sont tout à fait utilisables pour le fraisage CNC et autres applications similaires. Voir aussi sur G-Code article de Wikipedia (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/G-code>).

Il ya plusieurs façons de préparer un Gcode pour une imprimante. La première consiste à utiliser un trancheur comme Slic3r, Skeinforge ou Cura. Ces programmes prennent un modèle CAO et le découpent en couches. Les trancheurs sont la meilleure façon de passer d'un modèle 3D en fichier gcode imprimable, mais l'utilisateur sacrifie une certaine flexibilité lors de leur utilisation. Une autre option pour la génération gcode est d'utiliser une bibliothèque de niveau inférieur comme mecode. Les bibliothèques comme mecode vous donnent un contrôle précis sur la trajectoire de l'outil, et ainsi sont utiles si vous avez une impression complexe qui ne convient pas pour le tranchage natif. La dernière option est de simplement écrire le Gcode vous-même. Cela peut être le meilleur choix si vous avez juste besoin de courir quelques lignes de test lors de l'étalonnage de votre imprimante.

Contents

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Fields
- 3 G-commands
 - 3.1 G0 & G1: Move
 - 3.2 G2 & G3: Contrôle des mouvements des Cercles
 - 3.2.1 Notes
 - 3.3 G4: Attente
 - 3.4 G20: Définir les unités en Pouces
 - 3.5 G21: Définir les unités en Millimètres
 - 3.6 G28: Déplacement aux origines (Homing)
 - 3.7 G29: Autolevel
 - 3.8 G90: Position Absolue
 - 3.9 G91: Position Relative
 - 3.10 G92: Définir la Position
- 4 M-commandes
 - 4.1 M0: Arrêt optionnel
 - 4.2 M18: Arrêt de tous les moteurs

- 4.3 M80: ATX Power On
- 4.4 M81: ATX Power Off
- 4.5 M82: Définir le mode Absolu pour l'extrudeur
- 4.6 M83: Définir le mode relatif pour l'extrudeur
- 4.7 M92: Définir les steps/mm
- 4.8 M104: Définir la température de l'extrudeur
- 4.9 M105: Retourner la température de l'extrudeur et du plateau chauffant
 - 4.9.1 Extension Duet-dc42
- 4.10 M106: Allumer les ventilateurs
 - 4.10.1 M106 dans le firmware Duet
- 4.11 M107: Eteindre les ventilateurs
- 4.12 M108: Définir la vitesse d'extrusion
- 4.13 M109: Définir la température de l'extrudeur et attendre
 - 4.13.1 M109 dans Marlin, Sprinter (ATmega port) et Duet
- 4.14 M110: Set Current Line Number
- 4.15 M111: Set Debug Level
- 4.16 M112: Arrêt d'urgence
- 4.17 M114: Retourner la position courante des axes
- 4.18 M115: Get Firmware Version and Capabilities
- 4.19 M116: Attendre la température
- 4.20 M117: Afficher un Message
- 4.21 M119: Retourner le statut des fin de courses (endstop)
- 4.22 M120: Push
- 4.23 M121: Pop
- 4.24 M120: Enable endstop detection
- 4.25 M121: Disable endstop detection
- 4.26 M126: Open Valve
 - 4.26.1 M126 in MakerBot
- 4.27 M127: Close Valve
 - 4.27.1 M127 in MakerBot
- 4.28 M140: Définir la température du plateau chauffant (Rapide)
- 4.29 M141: Set Chamber Temperature (Fast)
- 4.30 M150: Set display color
- 4.31 M163: Set weight of mixed material
- 4.32 M164: Store weights
- 4.33 M190: Wait for bed temperature to reach target temp
- 4.34 M200: Set filament diameter
- 4.35 M201: Définir l'accélération maximum d'impression
- 4.36 M202: Définir la vitesse maximum d'accélération de déplacement des axes
- 4.37 M203: Définir la vitesse maximum de déplacement des axes
- 4.38 M204: Set default acceleration
 - 4.38.1 M204 Repetier
- 4.39 M205: Advanced settings
 - 4.39.1 M205 Repetier
- 4.40 M206:
 - 4.40.1 M206 Marlin, Sprinter, Smoothie - Set home offset
 - 4.40.2 M206 Repetier - Set eeprom value
- 4.41 M207: Set retract length
- 4.42 M208: Set axis max travel
- 4.43 M208: Set unretract length
- 4.44 M209: Enable automatic retract

- 4.45 M210: Set homing feedrates
- 4.46 M211: Disable/Enable software endstops
- 4.47 M212: Set Bed Level Sensor Offset
- 4.48 M218: Set Hotend Offset
- 4.49 M231: Set OPS parameter
- 4.50 M232: Read and reset max. advance values
- 4.51 M240: Déclencher l'appareil photo
- 4.52 M250: Set LCD contrast
- 4.53 M251: Measure Z steps from homing stop (Delta printers)
- 4.54 M280: Définir la position du servomoteur
- 4.55 M300: Jouer un son
- 4.56 M301: Définir les paramétrage du PID
- 4.57 M302: Autoriser l'extrusion à froid
- 4.58 M303: Executer un paramétrage automatique du PID
- 4.59 M304: Définir les paramètre PID du Bed (plateau chauffant)
- 4.60 M305: Set thermistor and ADC parameters
- 4.61 M306: set home offset calculated from toolhead position
- 4.62 M351: Toggle MS1 MS2 pins directly
- 4.63 M355: Turn case lights on/off
- 4.64 M360: Report firmware configuration
- 4.65 SCARA calibration codes (Morgan)
- 4.66 M360: Move to Theta 0 degree position
- 4.67 M361: Move to Theta 90 degree position
- 4.68 M362: Move to Psi 0 degree position
- 4.69 M363: Move to Psi 90 degree position
- 4.70 M364: Move to Psi + Theta 90 degree position
- 4.71 M365: SCARA scaling factor
- 4.72 M366: SCARA convert trim
- 4.73 M370: Morgan manual bed level - clear map
- 4.74 M371: Move to next calibration position
- 4.75 M372: Record calibration value, and move to next position
- 4.76 M373: End bed level calibration mode
- 4.77 M374: Save calibration grid
- 4.78 M375: Display matrix / Load Matrix
- 4.79 M380: Activate solenoid
- 4.80 M381: Disable all solenoids
- 4.81 M400: Wait for current moves to finish
- 4.82 M401: Lower z-probe
- 4.83 M402: Raise z-probe
- 4.84 M404: Filament width and nozzle diameter
- 4.85 M405: Allumage du capteur de filament
- 4.86 M406: Extinction du capteur de filament
- 4.87 M407: Display filament diameter
- 4.88 M421: Set a Mesh Bed Leveling Z coordinate
- 4.89 M500: Défini les paramètres dans l'EEPROM
- 4.90 M501: Lire les paramètres à partir de l'EEPROM
- 4.91 M502: Réinitialiser "réglages d'usine."
- 4.92 M503: Print settings
- 4.93 M540: Enable/Disable "Stop SD Print on Endstop Hit"
- 4.94 M557: Set Z probe point
- 4.95 M558: Set Z probe type
- 4.96 M559: Upload configuration file
- 4.97 M560: Upload web page file

- 4.98 M561: Set Identity Transform
- 4.99 M562: Reset temperature fault
- 4.100 M563: Define or remove a tool
- 4.101 M564: Limit axes
- 4.102 M565: Set Z probe offset
- 4.103 M573: Report heater PWM
- 4.104 M574: Set endstop configuration
- 4.105 M575: Set serial comms parameters
- 4.106 M576: Set axis/extruder drive mapping
- 4.107 M577: Wait until endstop is triggered
- 4.108 M578: Fire inkjet bits
- 4.109 M579: Scale Cartesian axes
- 4.110 M580: Select Roland
- 4.111 M600: Set line cross section
- 4.112 M600: Filament change pause
- 4.113 M605: Set dual x-carriage movement mode
- 4.114 M665: Set delta configuration
- 4.115 M666: Définir l'ajustement des endstops des Delta
- 4.116 M667: Select CoreXY mode
- 4.117 M700: Level plate
- 4.118 M701: Load filament
- 4.119 M702: Unload filament
- 4.120 M851: Set Z-Probe Offset
- 4.121 M906: Set motor currents
- 4.122 M907: Set digital trimpot motor
- 4.123 M908: Control digital trimpot directly
- 4.124 M909: Set microstepping
- 4.125 M910: Set decay mode
- 4.126 M928: Start SD logging
- 4.127 M998: Request resend of line
- 4.128 M999: Redémarrez après avoir été arrêté par erreur
- 5 Other commands
 - 5.1 G: List all G-codes
 - 5.2 M: List all M-codes
 - 5.3 T: Select Tool
- 6 Proposed EEPROM configuration codes
- 7 Replies from the RepRap machine to the host computer
- 8 Proposal for sending multiple lines of G-code
 - 8.1 Problem to solve
- 9 Alternatives to G-code

Introduction

Un morceau de fichier Gcode d'une imprimante 3D Reprap peut ressembler à ça:

```
N3 T0*57
N4 G92 E0*67
N5 G28*22
N6 G1 F1500.0*82
N7 G1 X2.0 Y2.0 F3000.0*85
N8 G1 X3.0 Y3.0*33
```

Le Gcode peut être stocké dans un fichier sur une carte SD, votre disque dur ou tout autre support. L'extension du fichier Gcode peut être **.g**, **.gco** or **.gcode**. Pour les BFB/RapMan l'extension est **.bfb**. Le fichier Gcode stocké et/ou créé par un trancheur peut également rassembler à ça:

```
G92 E0
G28
G1 F1500
G1 X2.0 Y2.0 F3000
G1 X3.0 Y3.0
```

La signification de tous ces symboles et chiffres (et plus) est expliquée ci-dessous.

Les trancheurs peuvent éventuellement ajouter des scripts de gcode au début et à la fin de leur fichier afin d'effectuer des actions spécifiques avant et / ou après l'impression tels que : l'autoleveling, le chauffage / refroidissement du lit et hotend, effectuer un mouvement pour essayer la buse grâce à un servomoteur, mise en route de l'alimentation Ps_on (ATX). Plus d'infos sur les pages Start GCode routines et End GCode routines.

Pour savoir quels GCode spécifique(s) sont mis en œuvre dans cette page, il y a de petites tables attachées à la description des commandes, comme celle-ci:

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smootl
Support	Partial	???	???	???	???	Experimental	depreca
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacu
	???	No	???	Yes	???	???	automat

Légende:

{{yes}}

Le Gcode est complètement supporté par le firmware.

{{partial}} or **{{experimental}}**

Le Gcode peut fonctionner après manipulation. Souvent, il est nécessaire de consulter la branche de code source pour le firmware (généralement stocké dans une branche différente) ou pour inverser les commutateurs de configuration sur la carte mère.

automatic

Le firmware gère cet GCode automatiquement, donc il n'y a pas besoin d'envoyer la commande. Un exemple est alimentation on / off (M80 / M81) dans le firmware Teacup.

???

On ne sait pas si le firmware prend en charge ce GCode. Vous devez le tester vous-même.

{{no}}

Le firmware ne support pas le Gcode.

deprecated

Le firmware a retiré le support de ce Gcode. L'auteur du firmware a sans doute retiré ce Gcode en le remplaçant par un autre.

Fields

Un GCode RepRap est une liste de champs qui sont séparés par des espaces blancs ou des sauts de ligne. Un champ peut être interprété comme une commande, paramètre, ou pour tout autre but spécial. Il se compose d'une lettre directement suivi d'un nombre, ou peut être seulement une lettre autonome (Flag). La lettre donne des informations sur le sens du champ (voir la liste ci-dessous dans cette section). Les nombres peuvent être *entiers* (128) ou *nombres fractionnaires* (12.42), en fonction du contexte. Par exemple, une coordonnée X peut prendre entiers ('x175') ou fractionnels ('X17.62'), mais sélectionner un extrudeur par un chiffre tel que 3.14 aurait aucun sens. Dans cette description, les numéros dans les domaines sont représentés par '*nnn*' comme un espace réservé.

Lettre	Signification
Gnnn	Commande GCode Standard, Déplacement d'un ou plusieurs axes
Mnnn	Commande défini pour les RepRap, M106 Pour allumé le ventilateur
Tnnn	Selectionné un outils nnn. En RepRap, outils et extrudeur
Snnn	Commande de paramètre , Le Temps ; Les temperatures; La tension à envoyer aux moteurs
Pnnn	Commande de paramètre, En milliseconeds; Comme le Proportionnel Intégral Dérivé proportional (Kp)
Xnnn	Coordonnée X, Généralement pour le faire bouger . Il peut etre un nombre entier ou décimal.
Ynnn	Coordonnée Y, Généralement pour le faire bouger. Il peut etre un nombre entier ou décimal.
Znnn	Coordonnée Z, Généralement pour le faire bouger . Il peut etre un nombre entier ou décimal.
Innn	Paramètre - X-offset in arc move; integral (Ki) in PID Tuning
Jnnn	Paramètre - Y-offset in arc move
Dnnn	Paramètre- Utilisé pour le diametre ; derivé (Kd) pour le réglage du PID
Hnnn	Parameter - Utilisé pour la chauffe de la résistance pour le PID
Fnnn	Paramètre en mm/secondes. (Vitesse de déplacement de la tête d'impression)
Rnnn	Paramètre - Utilisé pour la température
Qnnn	Paramètre - pas utilisé actuellement
Ennn	Longueur du matière extrudé. Il est identique à X, Y et Z, mais il correspond à la longueur de filament à extruder.
Nnnn	N° de ligne. Utilisé pour demander la transmission de répétition dans le cas d'erreurs de communication.
*nnn	Checksum. Utilisé pour vérifier les erreurs de communication..

G-commands

G0 & G1: Move

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

- G0 : Déplacement rapide
- G1 : Déplacement Linéaire

Usage

G0 Xnnn Ynnn Znnn Ennn Fnnn Snnn

G1 Xnnn Ynnn Znnn Ennn Fnnn Snnn

Paramètre

Tous les paramètres ne nécessitent pas d'être utilisés, mais au moins *un* doit être utilisé

Xnnn L'axe X bouge sur sa position

Ynnn L'axe Y bouge sur sa position

Znnn L'axe Z bouge sur sa position

Ennn Le Moteur de l'extrudeur fait avancer le filament de nnn millimètres

Fnnn La vitesse en millimètres par minute d'un ou des axes

Snnn Test pour vérifier si un endstop a été déclenché (**S1** pour vérifier, **S0** pour ignorer, **S2** voir la note , par défaut si **S0**)¹

Exemples

G0 X12 (*Déplacer l'axe X de 12mm*)

G0 F1500 (*Régler la vitesse à 1500mm/minute*)

G1 X90.6 Y13.8 E22.4 (*Déplacer l'axes X de 90.6mm l'axeY de 13.8mm en extrudant 22.4mm de matière*)

Les Firmware RepRap ont la même spécificité pour les commandes G0 and G1 , .²

1. G1 F1500
 2. G1 X50 Y25.3 E22.4

Dans l'exemple ci-dessus, nous avons mis l'avance à 1500mm / minute sur la ligne 1, puis déplacé l'axe X de 50 mm, l'axe Y de 25.3mm et extrudé 22.4mm de filament.

1. G1 F1500
 2. G1 X50 Y25.3 E22.4 F3000

Cependant, dans l'exemple ci-dessus, nous avons mis une avance de 1500 mm / minute sur la ligne 1, puis déplacé les axes comme demandé mais à 3000 mm / minute. L'extrusion va accélérer avec le X et le mouvement Y, donc tout reste

synchronisé.

La spécification RepRap traite l'avance comme simplement une autre variable (comme X, Y, Z et E) pour être interpolées linéairement. Cela donne un contrôle complet sur l'accélération et la décélération de la tête d'impression de manière à ce que le firmware assure que tout se déplace ensemble.³

Pour inverser l'extrudeuse par une quantité donnée (par exemple pour réduire sa pression interne pendant qu'il fait un mouvement (en X,Y ou Z) afin qu'il ne dribble pas) il suffit d'utiliser G0 ou G1 d'envoyer une valeur de E qui est inférieure à la longueur actuellement extrudé .

G2 & G3: Contrôle des mouvements des Cercles

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes ¹	No	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	???	No

Usage

G2 Xnnn Ynnn Innn Jnnn Ennn Fnnn (*Cercle dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre*)

G3 Xnnn Ynnn Innn Jnnn Ennn Fnnn (*Cercle dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre*)

Parameters

Xnnn L'axe X bouge sur sa position

Ynnn L'axe Y bouge sur sa position

Innn Le point X part de sa position actuelle X afin de maintenir une distance constante à partir de

Jnnn Le point Y part de sa position actuelle X afin de maintenir une distance constante à partir de

Ennn Le Moteur de l'extrudeur fait avancer le filament de nnn millimètres

Fnnn La vitesse en mm/minute d'un ou des axes

Examples

G2 X90.6 Y13.8 I5 J10 E22.4 (*Déplacement dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre de ce point à ce point(X=90.6,Y=13.8), avec un point central à (X=current_X+5, Y=current_Y+10), en extrudant 22.4mm de matière entre le début et la fin du mouvement des axes*)

G3 X90.6 Y13.8 I5 J10 E22.4 (*Déplacement dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre de ce point à ce point(X=90.6,Y=13.8), avec un point central à (X=current_X+5, Y=current_Y+10), en extrudant 22.4mm de matière entre le début et la fin du mouvement des axes*)

Notes

Dans le Firmware Marlin cette commande n'est pas implémenté pour les imprimantes **DELTA** et **SCARA**.

G4: Attente

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Paramètres

Pnnn Temps à attendre, en millisecondes

Snnn Temps à attendre, en secondes (Seulement pour Marlin et Smoothieware)

Exemple

G4 P200

Dans ce cas, rien ne se passe pendant 200 millisecondes. Pendant les pauses, l'état de la machine (par exemple, les températures de ses hotend) sera toujours préservé et contrôlé.

Pour Marlin et Smoothie, le paramètre d'attente "S" est en secondes, et le paramètre "P" est en millisecondes.

G20: Définir les unités en Pouces

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	???	Yes

Exemple: G20

À partir de cette commande, les unités sont en pouces.

G21: Définir les unités en Millimètres

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Exemple: G21

À partir de cette commande, les unités sont en millimètre. (Le millimètre est l'unité par défaut sur les RepRap.)

G28: Déplacement aux origines (Homing)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Paramètres

Ces Commandes peuvent être utilisées sans paramètres additionnels.

X Déplacement de l'axe X vers son origine

Y Déplacement de l'axe Y vers son origine

Z Déplacement de l'axe Z vers son origine

Exemples

G28 (Déplacement de tous les axes vers leurs origines)

G28 X Z (Déplacement seulement des axes X et Y vers leurs origines)

Lorsque le firmware RepRap reçoit cette commande, il déplace le ou les axes vers leur(s) butées aussi rapidement que possible, puis les reculent d'un millimètre et les déplacent lentement vers les points d'activation de butée de position zéro pour augmenter la précision de position. Ce processus est également connu sous le nom de "*Homing*".

Si vous ajoutez une coordonnée, elle sera ignorée. Par exemple, G28 Z0.00 le résultat sera le même que G28 Z.

G29: Autolevel

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No, see G32	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No

Example: G29

Déplace l'axe Z sur 3 points ou plus pour calculer la planéité du plateau. La commande G28 est à exécuter avant le G29.

G90: Position Absolue

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Example: G90

Toutes les coordonnées exécutées à partir de maintenant sont en rapport à l'origine de la machine. (la position absolue est l'unité par défaut sur les RepRap.)

G91: Position Relative

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Example: G91

Toutes les coordonnées à partir de maintenant sont liés à la dernière position.

G92: Définir la Position

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Parameters

Ces Commandes peuvent être utilisées sans paramètres additionnels.

Xnnn Définit la nouvelle position de l'axe X

Ynnn Définit la nouvelle position de l'axe Y

Znnn Définit la nouvelle position de l'axe Z

Ennn Définit la nouvelle position de l'extrudeur

Exemple

G92 X10 E90

Permet la programmation du point zéro absolu, en réinitialisant la position actuelle aux valeurs spécifiées. Ici le X de la machine passe en coordonnée 10, et l'extrudeur à 90. Aucun mouvement physique se produira.

Un G92 sans coordonnées définira tous les axes à 0.

M-commandes

M0: Arret optionnel

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Permet de mettre en pause l'impression à un moment pré-défini.

Exemple de code pour insérer une pièces métallique dans une impression, pour un décapsuleur par exemple. Et d'ensuite d'aller à Z10 et à Y200. Code à placer avant que l'imprimante se déplace à la prochaine couche dans le gcode.

- G0 Z10

- G0 Y200

- M0

Il suffit de relancer l'impression ensuite normalement.

M18: Arrêt de tous les moteurs

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	call M84	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	use M2

Exemple: M18

Arrête tous les moteurs et permet de les tourner librement à la main'

le firmware Marlin permet de désactiver un des moteurs pas à pas. Par exemple, M18 X permet de désactiver les moteurs X.

M80: ATX Power On

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	automatic

Exemple: M80

Active l'alimentation de l'ATX partir du mode veille au mode opérationnel.

M81: ATX Power Off

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	automatic

Exemple: M81

Éteint l'alimentation ATX.

M82: Définir le mode Absolu pour l'extrudeur

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M82

Définit la position de l'extrudeur comme position absolue

Ce mode est par défaut pour repetier.

M83: Définir le mode relatif pour l'extrudeur

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M83

Défini la position de l'extrudeur comme position relatif du dernier point.

M92: Définir les steps/mm

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple (Sprinter et Marlin): M92 X<newsteps>

Permet la programmation des pas par unité (généralement mm) de l'axe (ici X). Le firmware se remet par défaut lors de la réinitialisation, à moins de sauvegarder les paramètres dans l'EEPROM (M500 à Marlin) ou dans le fichier de configuration (config.g dans RepRapFirmware). Cette commande est très utile pour l'étalonnage.

M104: Définir la température de l'extrudeur

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Paramètres

Snnn Température cible

Exemple

M104 S190

Règle la température de l'extrudeuse actuelle à 190°C et le maintien à cette température.

M105: Retourner la température de l'extrudeur et du plateau chauffant

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Exemple: M105

Renvoie la température actuelle de l'extrudeur et du plateau chauffant en degrés Celsius. La température est retournée sur l'ordinateur connecté. Par exemple, le retour à l'ordinateur connecté ressemble à ça :

```
ok T:201 B:117
```

Extension/généralisation du M105 to be considered using S1 parameter as noted in Pronterface I/O Monitor

Dans Repetier, vous pouvez ajouter X0 pour récupérer la valeur brute si nécessaire :

```
M105 X0
==> 11:05:48.910 : T:23.61 /0 @:0 T0:23.61 /0 @0:0 RAW0:3922 T1:23.89 /0 @1:0 RAW1:3920
```

Extension Duet-dc42

Le firmware Duet-dc42 retourne une réponse au format JSON si le paramètre S2 ou S3 est ajouté dans la commande. C'est utilisé par le panneau de contrôle tactile. De plus, il est possible d'ajouter le paramètre Rnn, où nn est le numéro de séquence de la dernière réponse reçue par le client.

La réponse contient un objet JSON, sans aucun objet ou tableau imbriqué, suivi par un caractère de saut de ligne. C'est similaire à l'objet retourné à l'interface web via les requêtes de statut, mais quelques champs sont omis. Voici un exemple de réponse lorsque le paramètre S2 est fourni:

```
{"status":"I","heaters":[25.0,29.0,28.3],"active":[-273.1,0.0,0.0],"standby":[-273.1,0.0,0.0],"hstat":[0,2,1]
"efactor":[100.00,100.00],"tool":1,"probe":"535","fanRPM":0,"homed":[0,0,0],"fraction_printed":0.572}
```

La signification de ces champs est la suivante:

```
!status: I=inactif, P=impression en cours depuis la carte SD, S=stoppé(i.e. nécessite un reset), C=exécution
!heaters: températures actuelles des systèmes de chauffe, numérotés comme sur la machine(typiquement, le heat
!active: températures actives des systèmes de chauffe
!standby: températures de standby des systèmes de chauffe
!hstat: état des systèmes de chauffe, 0=off, 1=standby, 2=actif, 3=erreur
!pos: positions X, Y et Z de l'extrudeur
!extr: positions des extrudeurs (axe E)
!sfactor: facteur de vitesse actuel (voir commande M220)
!efactor: facteur d'extrusion actuel (voir commande M221)
!tool: numéro de l'outil actuel. Typiquement, zéro signifie aucun outil sélectionné
!probe: valeur de la sonde Z
!fanRPM: vitesse du ventilateur de refroidissement en RPM
!homed: état de mise à zéro des axes X, Y et Z (ou des piliers sur une delta). 0=axe non mis à zéro, donc sa
!fraction_printed: la fraction du fichier en train d'être imprimée, qui a été lue et au moins traitée en parti
!message: le message qui doit être affiché à l'écran (présent seulement d'il y a un message à afficher)
!timesLeft: un tableau des temps d'impression restant estimés (en secondes), calculés selon différentes méthod
!seq: numéro de séquence de la dernière réponse G-Code ou message d'erreur. Seulement présent si le paramè
!resp: la dernière réponse G-Code ou message d'erreur. Seulement présent si le paramètre R est fourni, et s
```

Quand le paramètre S3 est utilisé, la réponse contient ces champs, ainsi que quelques champs additionnels qui ne changent généralement pas, et donc n'ont pas besoin d'être traités aussi souvent. Ces champs additionnels comprennent:

```
!myName: le nom de l'imprimante
!geometry: "cartesian", "delta", "corexy", "corexz" etc.
```

La réponse devrait fournir les champs dans cet ordre. D'autres implémentations peuvent omettre certains champs, ou en ajouter d'autres.

M106: Allumer les ventilateurs

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	???	Yes

Paramètres

Snnn Vitesse

Exemple

M106 S127

Allume les ventilateurs à la moitié de leur vitesse maximale.

Le paramètre obligatoire 'S' indique la valeur PWM (0-255). M106 S0 Eteint les ventilateurs. Dans certaines implémentations le PWM est spécifié par une fraction réelle : M106 S0.7

M106 dans le firmware Duet

Duet-dc42 firmware support un paramètre optionnel I. Si ce paramètre est présent et plus grand que 0, la sortie du ventilateur de refroidissement est inversé. Cela rend la sortie du ventilateur de refroidissement adapté pour alimenter l'entrée d'un ventilateur PWM à 4 fils via une diode. Si le paramètre est présent et à 0 ou négatif, la sortie n'est pas inversée. Si le paramètre n'est pas présent, l'état d'inversion/non-inversion est inchangé. La valeur par défaut au démarrage est pas inversée.

Si le paramètre 'R' est indiqué lors de l'utilisation Duet - zpl firmware (0,96 g +), la dernière valeur connue de ventilation sera réglée. Si le paramètre 'S' est indiqué avec 'R', le firmware n'effacera pas la dernière valeur connue de ventilation. Cela peut être utile pour les fichiers de macro de changement d'outil.

M107: Eteindre les ventilateurs

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	???	No

Déprécié dans le Teacup firmware. Utilisez M106 S0 plutôt.

M108: Définir la vitesse d'extrusion

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	Yes	No	No	???	No

Défini la vitesse du moteur d'extrusion (Déprécié dans le firmware FiveD, voir M113)

M109: Définir la température de l'extrudeur et attendre

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	not needed

Paramètres

Snnn température cible minimale, attendre pendant la chauffe

Rnnn température cible maximale, attendre jusqu'à refroidissement(Sprinter)

Rnnn température cible précise, attendre tant qu'elle n'est pas précisément atteinte (Marlin)

Tn (optionnel) indique quel extrudeur est concerné

Exemple

M109 T1 S215 Fixe la température de l'extrudeur 1 à 215°C

M109 dans Marlin, Sprinter (ATmega port) et Duet

Définir la température de l'extrudeur en degrés celcius et attendre qu'elle soit atteinte. Exemple: M109 S185

M110: Set Current Line Number

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	not needed

Example: M110 N123

Set the current line number to 123. Thus the expected next line after this command will be 124.

M111: Set Debug Level

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	Debug

Exemple: M111 S6

Set the level of debugging information transmitted back to the host to level 6. The level is the OR of three bits:

```

-----
#define DEBUG_ECHO (1<<0)
#define DEBUG_INFO (1<<1)
#define DEBUG_ERRORS (1<<2)
#define DEBUG_DRYRUN (1<<3) // repetier-firmware
#define DEBUG_COMMUNICATION (1<<4) // repetier-firmware
-----

```

Thus 6 means send information and errors, but don't echo commands. (This is the RepRap default.)

For firmware that supports ethernet and web interfaces M111 S9 will turn web debug information on without changing any other debug settings, and M111 S8 will turn it off. Web debugging usually means that HTTP requests will be echoed to the USB interface, as will the responses.

M112: Arrêt d'urgence

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M112 N'importe quel mouvement en cours est arrêté, et la RepRap s'arrête. Tout les moteurs et le chauffage sont arrêtés. Il peut être redémarrée en appuyant sur le bouton de réinitialisation sur le microcontrôleur maître. voir aussi M0 et M1.

M114: Retourner la position courante des axes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	Yes	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M114

Cela retourne la position actuelle des axes X, Y, Z et E par rapport à leur 0 respectif de la machine .

Par exemple, la machine retourne une chaîne telle que:

```
ok C: X:114.50 Y: 51.70 Z: 140.20 E: 5.40
```

La tête d'impression se trouve à 114,50mm en X de son point 0, à 51,70 en Y de son point 0, à 140,20 mm en Z de son point 0, et l'extrudeur est a 5,40mm de matière extruder.

M115: Get Firmware Version and Capabilities

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	Yes	No	???	Yes

Example: M115

Request the Firmware Version and Capabilities of the current microcontroller The details are returned to the host computer as key:value pairs separated by spaces and terminated with a linefeed.

sample data from firmware:

```
ok PROTOCOL_VERSION:0.1 FIRMWARE_NAME:FiveD FIRMWARE_URL:http%3A//reprap.org MACHINE_TYPE:Mendel EXTRUDER_CO
```

This M115 code is inconsistently implemented, and should not be relied upon to exist, or output correctly in all cases. An initial implementation was committed to svn for the FiveD Reprap firmware on 11 Oct 2010. Work to more formally define protocol versions is currently (October 2010) being discussed. See M115_Keywords for one draft set of keywords and their meanings. See the M408 command for a more comprehensive report on machine capabilities supported by RepRapFirmware.

RepRapFirmware-dc42 also uses M115 to tell the firmware about the hardware on which it is running. If the P parameter is present then the integer argument specifies the hardware being used. The following are currently supported:

- M115 P0 Automatic board type selection if supported, or default if not
- M115 P1 Duet 0.6
- M115 P2 Duet 0.7
- M115 P3 Duet 0.85

M116: Attendre la température

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M116

Attend que *toutes* les températures, ainsi que les variables à variation lente, atteignent les valeurs définies. Voir M109.

Le firmware Duet-dc42 (versions 0.78c et supérieures) supporte un paramètre optionnel P, utilisé pour spécifier le numéro d'outil/extrudeur. Si ce paramètre est présent, le système attend uniquement les températures associées à cet outil. C'est utile lors des changements d'extrudeur, pour attendre que le nouvel extrudeur atteigne sa température, sans pour autant attendre que l'extrudeur précédent ait complètement refroidi.

Users of Duet-zpl may specify a list of the heaters to be waited for by specifying an 'H' parameter. Duet-zpl v1.08d+ further supports an additional 'C' parameter to wait for the chamber temperature to be reached.

M117: Afficher un Message

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M117 Hello World

Cela provoque que le message renseigné soit affiché dans la ligne d'état sur un écran LCD. La commande ci-dessus affichera.

M119: Retourner le statut des fin de courses (endstop)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	Yes

Exemple: M119

Retourne l'état actuel X, Y, Z des capteurs de fin de courses. Prends en compte les

paramétrages d'inversion du sens de butée des capteurs fin de courses, on peut donc grâce à cette commande savoir si le paramétrage des capteurs de fin de course a été correctement effectué dans le firmware.

Si le retour de cette commande indique 'triggered' pour le X-min alors que celui ci n'est pas censé être enclenché indique qu'il faut changer la logique du fin de course dans le firmware.

M120: Push

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Push the state of the RepRap machine onto a stack. Exactly what variables get pushed depends on the implementation (as does the depth of the stack - a typical depth might be 5). A sensible minimum, however, might be

1. Current feedrate, and
2. Whether moves (and separately extrusion) are relative or absolute

M121: Pop

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Recover the last state pushed onto the stack.

M120: Enable endstop detection

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M121: Disable endstop detection

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M126: Open Valve

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	No

Example: M126 P500

Open the extruder's valve (if it has one) and wait 500 milliseconds for it to do so.

M126 in MakerBot

Example: M126 T0

Enables an extra output attached to a specific toolhead (e.g. fan)

M127: Close Valve

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	Yes	No	???	No

Example: M127 P400

Close the extruder's valve (if it has one) and wait 400 milliseconds for it to do so.

M127 in MakerBot

Example: M127 T0

Disables an extra output attached to a specific toolhead (e.g. fan)

M140: Définir la température du plateau chauffant (Rapide)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	???	Yes

Param-tres

Snnn Température cible

Exemple

M140 S55

Définit la température du plateau chauffant à 55°C et rend le contrôle à l'hôte immédiatement (*i.e.* avant que la température soit atteinte par le plateau chauffant). Il y a un paramètre 'R' facultatif qui définit la température de veille du plateau chauffant : M140 S65 R40.

M141: Set Chamber Temperature (Fast)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	zpl, dc42	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	???	uses M104

Example: M141 S30

Set the temperature of the chamber to 30°C and return control to the host immediately (*i.e.* before that temperature has been reached by the chamber).

Duet-zpl 1.08d+ and Duet-dc42 1.09d+ implement M141 and accept an additional 'H' parameter to set the chamber heater number.

M150: Set display color

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Rnnn red

Unnn green

Bnnn blue

Example

M150 R255 U128 B192

Set BlinkM Color via I2C. Range for values: 0-255

M163: Set weight of mixed material

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Snnn extruder number

Pnnn weight

Set weight for this mixing extruder drive.

M164: Store weights

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Snnn virtual extruder number

Pnnn store to eeprom (P0 = no, P1 = yes)

Store weights as virtual extruder S.

M190: Wait for bed temperature to reach target temp

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	Yes	???	No: See M116

Parameters

Snnn minimum target temperature, waits until heating

Rnnn accurate target temperature, waits until heating and cooling (Marlin)

Example

M190 S60

This will wait until the bed temperature reaches 60 degrees, printing out the temperature of the hot end and the bed every second.

M200: Set filament diameter

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	???	No

Without parameters loads default grid, and with specified extension attempts to load the specified grid. If not available will not modify the current grid. If Z was saved with the grid file, it will load the saved Z with the grid.

M200 Dm.mmm sets the filament diameter to m.mmm millimeters. It is used with 'volumetric calibration' and G-code generated for an ideal 1.128mm diameter filament, which has a volume of 1mm^3 per millimeter. The intention is to be able to generate filament-independent g-code. (See [Triffid_Hunter's_Calibration_Guide#Optional:_Switch_to_volumetric_E_units](#) and <http://wooden-mendel.blogspot.com/2011/09/volumetric-stage-two.html> for more information.)

M200 D0 or M200 D1.128 ; reset E multiplier to 1, since $\sqrt{1/\pi} \cdot 2 = 1.128$

See also [Gcode#M119:_Get_Endstop_Status](#)

Question: what does a firmware do with filament diameter? Has this an effect on how much an E command moves the extruder motor? --Traumflug 11:34, 14 October 2012 (UTC) Yes, Marlin uses this to set a 'volumetric_multiplier' by which the E-steps of a move are scaled in the planner. DaveX (talk) 16:44, 12 April 2014 (PDT) Smoothie implements the same thing as Marlin --Arthurwolf (talk) 05:23, 10 November 2014 (PST)

M201: Définir l'accélération maximum d'impression

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M201 X1000 Y1000 Z100 E2000

Définit l'accélération que les axes peuvent faire en unités / seconde 2 pour les déplacements d'impression. Par souci de cohérence avec le reste du mouvement G-Code de ce qui devrait être dans les unités / (minute 2), mais qui donne des nombres vraiment incompréhensible et donc on peut se perdre avec tous les zéros. Donc, pour cela, nous utilisons unités / secondes.

M202: Définir la vitesse maximum d'accélération de déplacement des axes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	???	No	No	No	???	No

en unités / s ² pour des mouvements de déplacement (M202 X1000 Y1000)
inutilisés sur Marlin !!

M203: Définir la vitesse maximum de déplacement des axes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	???	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M203 X6000 Y6000 Z300 E10000

Définit la vitesse maximum de déplacement des axes de votre machine quelle peut faire en mm/min (Marlin uses mm/sec).

M204: Set default acceleration

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

S normal moves T filament only moves (M204 S3000 T7000) in mm/sec² also sets minimum segment time in ms (B20000) to prevent buffer underruns and M20 minimum feedrate

Marlin notes: After Mar11-2015, the M204 options have changed in Marlin:

P = Printing moves

R = Retract only (no X, Y, Z) moves

T = Travel (non printing) moves

The command "M204 P800 T3000 R9000" set the acceleration for printing movements to 800mm/s², for travels to 3000mm/s² and for retracts to 9000mm/s².

M204 Repetier

M204 X[Kp] Y[Ki] Z[Kd] -

Set PID parameter. Values are 100*real value.

M205: Advanced settings

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

minimum travel speed S=while printing T=travel only, B=minimum segment time X=maximum xy jerk, Z=maximum Z jerk, E=maximum E jerk

M205 Repetier

Output EEPROM settings.

M206:

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

M206 Marlin, Sprinter, Smoothie - Set home offset

Example: M206 X10.0 Y10.0 Z-0.4

The values specified are added to the endstop position when the axes are referenced. The same can be achieved with a G92 right after homing (G28, G161).

With Marlin firmware, this value can be saved to EEPROM using the M500 command.

A similar command is G10, aligning these two is subject to discussion.

With Marlin 1.0.0 RC2 a negative value for z lifts(!) your printhead.

M206 Repetier - Set eeprom value

M206 T[type] P[pos] [Sint(long)] [Xfloat] Set eeprom value

Example: M206 T3 P39 X19.9

Set Jerk to 19.9

M207: Set retract length

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Snnn positive length to retract, in mm

Fnnn feedrate, in mm/min

Znnn additional zlift/hop

Example

M207 S4.0 F2400 Z0.075

Sets retract length, stays in mm regardless of M200 setting

M208: Set axis max travel

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M208 X250 Y210 Z180

The values specified set the software limits for axis travel in the positive direction.

RepRapPro's version of Marlin uses M208 this way. Send M503 to see the current values. The value can be saved to EEPROM using the M500 command.

With Duet-dc42 firmware, on a Cartesian printer you can also use this command to specify software limits for axis travel in the negative direction, by adding parameter S1. The axis limits you set are also the positions assumed when an endstop is triggered.

M208: Set unretract length

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Snnn positive length surplus to the M207 Snnn, in mm

Fnnn feedrate, in mm/sec

Sets recover=unretract length.

M209: Enable automatic retract

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M209 S1

This boolean value S 1=true or 0=false enables automatic retract detect if the slicer did not support G10/11: every normal extrude-only move will be classified as retract depending on the direction.

M210: Set homing feedrates

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M210 X1000 Y1500

Set the feedrates used for homing to the values specified in mm per minute.

M211: Disable/Enable software endstops

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

The boolean value S 1=enable or 0=disable controls state of software endstop.

The boolean value X, Y or Z 1=max endstop or 0=min endstop selects which endstop is controlled.

Example: M211 X1 Y1 Z1 S0

Disables X,Y,Z max endstops

Example: M211 X0 S1

Enables X min endstop

Example: M211

Prints current state of software endstops.

M212: Set Bed Level Sensor Offset

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes*	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

This G-Code command is known to be available in the newer versions of PrintrBot's branch of Marlin. It may not be available in other firmware.

Example: M212 Z-0.2

Set the Z home to 0.2 mm lower than where the sensor says Z home is. This is extremely useful when working with printers with hard-to-move sensors, like the PrintrBot Metal Plus.

PrintrBot suggests that the user make minor (0.1-0.2) adjustments between attempts and immediately executes M500 & M501 after setting this.

M218: Set Hotend Offset

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Sets hotend offset (in mm): T<extruder_number> X<offset_on_X> Y<offset_on_Y>.

Example: M218 T1 X50 Y0.5

M231: Set OPS parameter

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M231 S[OPS_MODE] X[Min_Distance] Y[Retract] Z[Backslash] F[ReatrctMove]

M232: Read and reset max. advance values

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M240: Déclencher l'appareil photo

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M240

Déclenche un appareil photo connecté sur la carte.

M250: Set LCD contrast

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M250 C20

Sets LCD contrast C<contrast value> (value 0..63), if available.

M251: Measure Z steps from homing stop (Delta printers)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M251 S0 - Reset, S1 - Print, S2 - Store to Z length (also EEPROM if enabled)

(This is a Repetier-Firmware only feature)

M280: Définir la position du servomoteur

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	???	No

(Marlin, Repetier M340)

Définir la position absolue du servomoteur. P: determine le servomoteur , S: Angle ou Microsecondes (Marlin)

M300: Jouer un son

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	Yes	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	???	No

Parametres

Snnn frequence en Hz

Pnnn durer en millisecondes

Exemple

M300 S300 P1000

Jouer un bip sonore de 300Hz pendant 1000 millisecondes, utiliser le pour notifier des événements importants comme la fin de l'impression.

M301: Définir les paramétrage du PID

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No: See M13[0-3])

Parametere

Pnnn proportionel (Kp)

Innn intégral (Ki)

Dnnn dérivé (Kd)

Exemple

M301 P1 I2 D3 ; Marlin

Définir la valeur de la hotend pour la Proportionel (P), l'Intégral (I) et la Dérivé (D). Voir PID Tuning.

M302: Autoriser l'extrusion à froid

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Ceci indique à l'imprimante de permettre un mouvement du moteur de l'extrudeur même si la hotend n'est pas à la température d'impression

Exemple: M302

M303: Executer un paramétrage automatique du PID

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

PID Tuning se réfère à un algorithme de contrôle utilisé dans certains repraps pour les hotends et les lits chauffants. Cette commande génère le proportionnel (Kp), intégral (Ki), et (Kd) la valeur des produits dérivés pour la hotend ou lit (E-1). Envoyer le code M303 et attendre la fin du programme.

Pid de la hotend:

```
M303 E0 S<température> C< nombre de cycles>
```

Exemple:

```
M303 E0 C8 S175
```

le firmware va exécuter un test de la hotend 1 de 8 cycles avec une consigne de 175°.

M304: Définir les parametre PID du Bed (plateau chauffant)

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	???	No: See M301
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Pnnn proportionnelle (Kp)

Innn intégrale (Ki)

Dnnn dérivé (Kd)

Exemples

M304 P1 I2 D3 ; set kP=3, kI=2, kD=3

M301 P1 I2 D3 T0.7 H0 B20 W127 ; Duet-dc42 firmware

M304 ; Retourner les parametres

Définit les valeurs proportionnelle, intégrale et dérivé pour le bed (plateau chauffant).

Regarder aussi PID Tuning.

M305: Set thermistor and ADC parameters

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Sets the parameters for temperature measurement. Supported by RepRapFirmware from 0.78c, and Duet-dc42 firmware.

Example: M305 P1 T100000 R1000 B4200

This tells the firmware that for heater 1 (P parameter: 0 = heated bed, 1 = first extruder) the thermistor 25C resistance (T parameter) is 100Kohms, the thermistor series resistance (R parameter) is 1Kohms, the thermistor beta (B parameter) is 4200. All parameters other than P are optional. If only the P parameter is given, the existing values are displayed.

Additionally, Duet-dc42 firmware supports an ADC correction functionality and a thermistor selection facility.

Example: M305 P1 T100000 R1000 B4200 H14 L-11 X2

Here the ADC high end correction (H parameter) is 14, the ADC low end correction (L parameter) is -11, and thermistor input #2 is used to measure the temperature of heater #1.

M306: set home offset calculated from toolhead position

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	???	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M306 Z0

The values specified are added to the calculated end stop position when the axes are referenced. The calculated value is derived from the distance of the toolhead from the current axis zero point.

The user would typically place the toolhead at the zero point of the axis and issue the M306 command.

This value can be saved to EEPROM using the M500 command (as M206 value).

Implemented in Smoothieware

M351: Toggle MS1 MS2 pins directly

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M351

M355: Turn case lights on/off

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92.2	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	use M106

Examples

M355 S1 ; *Enable lights*

M355 S0 ; *Disable lights*

M355 ; *Report status*

Every call or change over LCD menu sends a state change for connected hosting software like

```
!Case lights on
!Case lights off
!No case lights
```

M360: Report firmware configuration

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92.2	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Target

This command helps hosting software to detect configuration details, which the user would need to enter otherwise. It should reduce configuration time considerably if supported.

Example

M360

Response

```
!Config:Baudrate:250000
!Config:InputBuffer:127
!Config:NumExtruder:2
!Config:MixingExtruder:0
!Config:HeatedBed:0
!Config:SDCard:1
!Config:Fan:1
!Config:LCD:1
!Config:SoftwarePowerSwitch:1
!Config:XHomeDir:-1
!Config:YHomeDir:-1
!Config:ZHomeDir:-1
!Config:SupportG10G11:1
!Config:SupportLocalFilamentchange:1
!Config:CaseLights:0
```

```

;Config:ZProbe:1
;Config:Autolevel:0
;Config:EEPROM:1
;Config:PrintlineCache:24
;Config:JerkXY:30.00
;Config:JerkZ:0.30
;Config:RetractionLength:3.00
;Config:RetractionLongLength:13.00
;Config:RetractionSpeed:40.00
;Config:RetractionZLift:0.00
;Config:RetractionUndoExtraLength:0.00
;Config:RetractionUndoExtraLongLength:0.00
;Config:RetractionUndoSpeed:0.00
;Config:XMin:0.00
;Config:YMin:0.00
;Config:ZMin:0.00
;Config:XMax:250.00
;Config:YMax:150.00
;Config:ZMax:90.00
;Config:XSize:250.00
;Config:YSize:150.00
;Config:ZSize:90.00
;Config:XPrintAccel:250.00
;Config:YPrintAccel:250.00
;Config:ZPrintAccel:100.00
;Config:XTravelAccel:250.00
;Config:YTravelAccel:250.00
;Config:ZTravelAccel:100.00
;Config:PrinterType:Cartesian
;Config:MaxBedTemp:120
;Config:Extr.1:Jerk:50.00
;Config:Extr.1:MaxSpeed:100.00
;Config:Extr.1:Acceleration:10000.00
;Config:Extr.1:Diameter:0.00
;Config:Extr.1:MaxTemp:220
;Config:Extr.2:Jerk:50.00
;Config:Extr.2:MaxSpeed:100.00
;Config:Extr.2:Acceleration:10000.00
;Config:Extr.2:Diameter:0.00
;Config:Extr.2:MaxTemp:220

```

SCARA calibration codes (Morgan)

In order to ease calibration of Reprap Morgan, the following M-codes are used to set the machine up

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Partial	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M360: Move to Theta 0 degree position

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

The arms move into a position where the Theta steering arm is parallel to the top

platform edge. The user then calibrates the position by moving the arms with the jog buttons in software like pronterface until it is perfectly parallel. Using M114 will then display the calibration offset that can then be programmed into the unit using M206 (Home offset) X represents Theta.

Smoothieware: M360 P0 will take the current position as parallel to the platform edge, and store the offset in the homing trim offset (M666) No further user interaction is needed.

M361: Move to Theta 90 degree position

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothieware
	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teac
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Theta move to 90 degrees with platform edge. User calibrates by using jog arms to place exactly 90 degrees. Steps per degree can then be read out by using M114, and programmed using M92. X represents Theta. Program Y (Psi) to the same value initially. Remember to repeat M360 after adjusting steps per degree.

Smoothieware: M360 P0 will accept the current position as 90deg to platform edge. New steps per angle is calculated and entered into memory (M92) No further user interaction is required, except to redo M360.

M362: Move to Psi 0 degree position

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothieware
	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teac
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Arms move to Psi 0 degree. Check only after other Theta calibrations

M363: Move to Psi 90 degree position

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothieware
	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teac
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Arms move to Psi 90 degree. Check only after other Theta calibrations

M364: Move to Psi + Theta 90 degree position

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Move arms to form a 90 degree angle between the inner and outer Psi arms. Calibrate by moving until angle is exactly 90 degree. Read out with M114, and calibrate value into Home offset M206. Psi is represented by Y.

Smoothieware: M364 P0 will accept the current position as 90deg between arms. The offset is stored as a trim offset (M666) and no further user interaction is required except to save all changes via M500

M365: SCARA scaling factor

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Experimental	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Adjust X Y and Z scaling by entering the factor. 100% scaling (default) is represented by 1

M366: SCARA convert trim

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Executing this command translates the calculated trim values of the SCARA calibration to real home offsets. This prevents the home and trim movement after calibration.

M370: Morgan manual bed level - clear map

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Clear the map and prepare for calibration

Usage

M370

M370 X<divisions> Y<divisions>

Without parameters is defaults to X5 Y5 (25 calibration points) When specifying parameters, uneven numbers are recommended.

M371: Move to next calibration position

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Move to the next position for calibration. User moves the bed towards the hotend until it just touches

M372: Record calibration value, and move to next position

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

The position of the bed is recorded and the machine moves to the next position. Repeat until all positions programmed

M373: End bed level calibration mode

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

End calibration mode and enable z correction matrix. Does not save current matrix

M374: Save calibration grid

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Saves the calibration grid. (Smoothieware)

Usage

M374

M374 <file extension> Z

Without parameters safes the grid into the default grid file that gets loaded at boot
Parameter specifies the extension of the grid file - useful for special grid files such as for a special print surface like a removable print plate. Addition of Z will additionally save the M206 Z homing offset into the grid file

M375: Display matrix / Load Matrix

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Display the bed level calibration matrix (Marlin) Load Grid matrix file (Smoothieware)

Usage

M375

M375 <file extension>

Without parameters loads default grid, and with specified extension attempts to load the specified grid. If not available will not modify the current grid. If Z was saved with the grid file, it will load the saved Z with the grid.

M380: Activate solenoid

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M380

Activates solenoid on active extruder.

M381: Disable all solenoids

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M381

M400: Wait for current moves to finish

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	Yes	???	No

Finishes all current moves and and thus clears the buffer. That's identical to G4 P0.

Example: M400

M401: Lower z-probe

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M401

Lower z-probe if present.

M402: Raise z-probe

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M402

Raise z-probe if present.

M404: Filament width and nozzle diameter

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	Partial	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M404 N1.75

N<dia in mm> Enter the nominal filament width (3mm, 1.75mm) or will display nominal filament width without parameters.

While Marlin only accepts the N parameter, Duet-zpl further allows to specify the nozzle diameter (in mm) via the D-parameter. It is used to properly detect the first layer height when a new print is being started.

Example: M404 N3.0 D1.0

M405: Allumage du capteur de filament

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M405

Allume le contrôle d'extrusion du filament. D optionnel <Retard en cm> pour définir le délai en centimètres entre le capteur et l'extrudeur.

M406: Extinction du capteur de filament

Support	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M406

Extinction du capteur de filament.

M407: Display filament diameter

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Partial	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M407

Displays measured filament diameter. In RepRapFirmware M407 does the same as M404.

M421: Set a Mesh Bed Leveling Z coordinate

M421 - Set a single Z coordinate in the Mesh Leveling grid. X<index> Y<index> Z<offset in mm>

M500: Défini les paramètres dans l'EEPROM

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42, zpl	???	???	???	Yes	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M500

Sauvegarder les paramètres actuels dans l'EEPROM.

M501: Lire les paramètres à partir de l'EEPROM

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42, zpl	???	???	???	Yes	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M501

Lit les paramètres enregistrés dans l'EEPROM.

M502: Réinitialiser "réglages d'usine."

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M502

Cette commande réinitialise tous les paramètres ajustables à leurs valeurs par défaut, comme indiqué dans le firmware. Cela ne réinitialise pas les paramètres stockés dans la mémoire EEPROM, donc il doit être suivi avec M501 si vous voulez le faire.

M503: Print settings

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42, zpl	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	Yes	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M503

This command asks the firmware to reply with the current print settings stored in EEPROM. The reply output includes the G-Code commands to produce each setting. For example, the Steps Per Unit values are displayed as an M92 command.

M540: Enable/Disable "Stop SD Print on Endstop Hit"

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Parameters

Snnn state, S1=enable, S0=disable

Example

M540 S1

M557: Set Z probe point

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M557 P1 X30 Y40.5

Set the points at which the bed will be probed to compensate for its plane being slightly out of horizontal. The P value is the index of the point (indices start at 0) and the X and Y values are the position to move extruder 0 to to probe the bed. An implementation should allow a minimum of three points (P0, P1 and P2). This just records the point coordinates; it does not actually do the probing. See G32.

M558: Set Z probe type

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M558 P0 X1 Y0 Z1

A Z probe may be a switch, an IR proximity sensor, or some other device. This selects which to use. P0 indicates that no Z probe is present. P1 gives an unmodulated IR probe, or any other probe type that emulates an unmodulated IR probe (probe output is an analog signal that rises with decreasing nozzle height above the bed). If there is a control signal to the probe, it is driven high when the probe type is P1. P2 specifies a modulated IR probe, where the modulation is commanded directly by the main board firmware using the control signal to the probe. P3 selects an alternative Z probe by driving the control signal to the probe low. P4 selects a switch (on the Duet, this must be connected to the E0 endstop pins).

The X, Y and Z parameters specify whether each axis uses the Z probe for homing or not. If the parameter is nonzero, the Z probe is used for homing that axis. if the parameter is zero, the endstop switch for that axis is used for homing instead. See also G31 and G32.

Duet-dc42 and zpl-dc42 firmware support an additional R parameter, which specifies the modulation channel. Channel 0 (the default) uses the standard Z probe modulation pin on the Duet 0.6. Channel 1 selects the alternative Z probe modulation pin on the Duet 0.7. Note that on RADDs electronics, the R parameter is accepted but ignored: the selected channel is reported, but the same RADDs pin is always used.

Duet-dc42 firmware versions 1.00e onwards supports additional parameter H. This specifies the dive height (default 3mm) from which probing is done in response to a G30 command when the P parameter is present, or a G32 command.

M559: Upload configuration file

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M559

If the RepRap supports it, this uploads a file that is run on re-boot to configure the machine. This file usually is a special G Code file. After sending M559, the file should be sent, ending with an M29 (q.v.).

M560: Upload web page file

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M560

For RepRaps that have web support and that can be driven by a web browser, this uploads the file that is the control page for the RepRap. After sending M560 the file (usually an HTML file) should be sent, terminated by the string

```
<!-- **EoF** -->
```

. Clearly that string cannot exist in the body of the file, but can be put on the end to facilitate this process. This should not be too serious a restriction...

M561: Set Identity Transform

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M561

This cancels any bed-plane fitting as the result of probing (or anything else) and returns the machine to moving in the user's coordinate system.

M562: Reset temperature fault

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M562 P2

Reset a temperature fault on heater/sensor 2. If the RepRap has switched off and locked a heater because it has detected a fault, this will reset the fault condition and allow you to use the heater again. Obviously to be used with caution. If the fault persists it will lock out again after you have issued this command. P0 is the bed; P1 the first extruder, and so on.

M563: Define or remove a tool

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M563 P3 D0:5:6 H1:3

Tools are usually (though not necessarily) extruders. The P field specifies the tool number. Tool numbers can have any positive integer value and 0. The D field specifies the drive(s) used by the tool - in this case drives 0, 5 and 6. Drive 0 is the first drive in the machine after the movement drives (usually X, Y and Z). If there is no D field the tool has no drives. The H field specifies the tool's heaters - in this case heaters 1 and 3. Heater 0 is usually the hot bed (if any) so the first extruder heater is usually 1. If there is no H field the tool has no heaters.

Tools are driven using multiple values in the E field of G1 commands, each controlling the corresponding drive in the D field above, as follows:

```
G1 X90.6 Y13.8 E2.24:2.24:15.89
G1 X70.6 E0:0:42.4
```

The first line moves straight to the point (90.6, 13.8) extruding a total of 2.24mm of filament from both drives 0 and 5 and 15.98mm of filament from drive 6.

The second line moves back 20mm in X extruding 42.4mm of filament from drive 6.

Normally an M563 command is immediately followed by a G10 command to set the tool's offsets and temperatures.

It is permissible for different tools to share some (or all) of their drives and heaters.

So, for example, you can define two tools with identical hardware, but that just operate at different temperatures.

If you use the M563 command with a P value for a tool that has already been defined, that tool is redefined using the new values you provide.

Duet-dc42 firmware supports an additional form of the M563 command. The command:

```
M563 S1
```

means add 1 (the value of the S parameter) to all tool numbers found in the remainder of the current input stream (e.g. the current file if the command is read from a file on the SD card), or until a new M563 command of this form is executed. The purpose of this is to provide compatibility between the Duet firmware, in which tool numbers typically start at 1, and programs such as slic3r that assume tools are numbered from zero.

Duet-zpl firmware allows the deletion of existing tools if M563 is called in this way:

```
M563 P1 D-1 H-1
```

M564: Limit axes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M564 S0

Allow moves outside the print volume, or not. If the S parameter is 0, then you can send G codes to drive the RepRap outside its normal working volume, and it will attempt to do so. User beware... If you set the S parameter to 1 then the RepRap will not think outside the box. The default behaviour is S = 1.

M565: Set Z probe offset

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	No: See G31	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M565 X3 Y4.5 Z-2.37

Set the offset from the extruder tip to the probe position. The X, Y and Z values are

the delta between the extruder and the actual trigger position of the probe. If the probe trigger point is below the extruder (typical) the Z offset will be negative. This just records the point offset; it does not actually do the probing. See G32.

Example: M572 P3 S0.06

This sets the pre-compensation time in seconds (S parameter) for Bowden extruder elasticity for the specified drive (P parameter). Supported by RepRapFirmware-dc42. Normally, compensation should be applied to extruder drives only (drives 3 and higher).

Pre-compensation causes the extruder drive position to be increased by an additional amount proportional to the rate of extrusion. At the end of a move when the extrusion rate is decreasing, this may result in the extruder drive moving backwards (i.e. retracting). Therefore, if you enable this feature, you may need to reduce the amount of retraction you use in your slicing program to avoid over-retraction.

M573: Report heater PWM

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M573 P1

This gives a running average (usually taken over about five seconds) of the PWM to the heater specified by the P field. If you know the voltage of the supply and the resistance of the heater this allows you to work out the power going to the heater.

M574: Set endstop configuration

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	dc42	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M574 X1 Y2 Z0 S1

This defines the type of endstop switch or opto sensor that the printer has for each axis: 0 = none, 1 = low end, 2 = high end. The optional S parameter defines whether the endstop input is active high (S1, the default) or low (S0). Intended for use with boards that provide a single endstop input for each axis that may be used for either a high or a low end endstop, such as the Duet. Supported by Duet-dc42 firmware. On delta printers, the XYZ parameters refer to the towers and the endstops should normally all be high end.

M575: Set serial comms parameters

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	dc42	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M575 P1 B57600 S1

This sets the communications parameters of the serial comms channel specified by the P parameter. P0 specifies the main serial interface (typically a USB port, or serial-over-USB), while P1 specifies an auxiliary serial port (for example, the port used to connect a PanelDue). The B parameter is the required baud rate (this parameter is typically ignored if the port is a true USB port). The S parameter is a bitmap of features. The lowest bit, if set, specifies that only commands that include a valid checksum should be accepted from this comms channel.

M576: Set axis/extruder drive mapping

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	not yet	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M576 X0 Y1 Z2:3 A4 E5:6:7

This maps each letter to the specified drive number(s). In this example the Z axis configuration consists of two motors that need to be controlled simultaneously. An extra axis 'A' is also defined for custom purposes (rotary nozzle, cutter tool etc.) while the remaining axes are mapped to extruder drives.

See also M569, which also provides for setting the drive mapping.

M577: Wait until endstop is triggered

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Duet-zpl	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M577 E0 S1

Wait for an endstop switch to be pressed. The example above will wait until the first extruder endstop is triggered.

The following trigger types may be used using the 'S' parameter:

0: Endstop not hit 1: Low endstop hit 2: High endstop hit 3: Near endstop (only Z probe)

M578: Fire inkjet bits

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M578 P3 S5

This fires inkjet head 3 (the P field) using the bit pattern specified by the S field. The example shown would fire bits 101. If the P parameter is omitted inkjet 0 is assumed.

This is a version of the M700 command used by the Inkshield, but unfortunately M700 is already taken so cannot be used for that in the standard.

M579: Scale Cartesian axes

Example: M579 X1.0 Y0.997 Z1.001

On a Cartesian RepRap you can get prints exactly the right size by tweaking the axis steps/mm using the M92 G Code above. But this does not work so easily for Delta and other RepRaps for which there is cross-talk between the axes. This command allows you to adjust the X, Y, and Z axis scales directly. So, if you print a part for which the Y length should be 100mm and measure it and find that it is 100.3mm long then you set Y0.997 (= 100/100.3).

M580: Select Roland

Example: M580 R1 PVS4;!VZ2;!MC1;

This is not really anything to do with RepRap, but it is convenient. The little Roland mills (http://www.rolanddg.com/product/3d/3d/mdx-20_15/mdx-20_15.html) are very widely available in hackerspaces and maker groups, but annoyingly they don't speak G Codes. As all RepRap firmware includes a G-Code interpreter, it is often easy to add functions to convert G Codes to Roland RML language (http://altlab.org/d/content/m/pangelo/ideas/rml_command_guide_en_v100.pdf). M580 selects a Roland device for output if the R field is 1, and returns to native mode if the R field is 0. The optional P string is sent to the Roland if R is 1. It is permissible to call this repeatedly with R set to 1 and different strings in the P field to communicate directly with a Roland.

M600: Set line cross section

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	Yes	???	No

Example: M600 P0.061

Sets the cross section for a line to extrude in velocity extrusion mode. When the extruder is enabled and movement is executed the amount of extruded filament will be calculated to match the specified line cross section.

M600: Filament change pause

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	No	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M600

Pause for filament change X[pos] Y[pos] Z[relative lift] E[initial retract] L[later retract distance for removal].

M605: Set dual x-carriage movement mode

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M605 S1

Sets the dual x-carriage movement mode: S<mode> [X<duplication x-offset> R<duplication temp offset>].

M605 S0: Full control mode. The slicer has full control over x-carriage movement
M605 S1: Auto-park mode. The inactive head will auto park/unpark without slicer involvement
M605 S2 [Xnnn] [Rmmm]: Duplication mode. The second extruder will duplicate the first with nnn millimeters x-offset and an optional differential hotend temperature of mmm degrees. E.g., with "M605 S2 X100 R2" the second extruder will duplicate the first with a spacing of 100mm in the x direction and 2 degrees hotter.

M665: Set delta configuration

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M665 L250 R160 S200 (Marlin), M665 L250 R160 B80 H240 X0 Y0 Z0 (RepRapFirmware-dc42)

Set the delta calibration variables. L = diagonal rod length, R = delta radius. For Marlin: S = segments per second. For RepRapFirmware-dc42: B = safe printing radius, H = nozzle height above bed when homed after allowing for the endstop corrections; X, Y, Z = X, Y and Z tower angular offsets from the ideal (i.e.equilateral triangle) positions, in degrees, measured anti-clockwise looking down on the printer.

I don't think it's a good idea to have two different implementations for the same G-code, and I also question the practical value of specifying the print bed radius when defining a delta configuration, since many delta printers use a square or rectangular print bed. So perhaps we should stick to the Marlin-defined command as the definition for this command, and use a different command or set of commands to define print bed shape and size. --AndrewBCN (talk) 23:10, 31 January 2015 (PST)

The implementations are not different, they have the same L and R parameters, but each has additional parameters that are not relevant to the other implementation. I'm not against defining a new Gcode to define bed size and shape; however, you can already define the limits of a rectangular print area using M208. Even when a delta printer has a square bed, the printable area is not square. It is usually taken to be circular, although it is in reality more complicated. My purpose in adding the B parameter was to make it easy to define a radius outside which movement will not normally be attempted. I have changed "bed radius" to "safe printing radius" in the text to help clarify this. --dc42

M666: Définir l'ajustement des endstops des Delta

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	dc42	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple M666 X-0.1 Y+0.2 Z0

Définir l'ajustement des endstops des Delta.

M667: Select CoreXY mode

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	dc42	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M667 S0 selects Cartesian mode (unless the printer is configured as a delta using the M665 command). Forward motion of the X motor moves the head in the +X direction. Similarly for the Y motor and Y axis, and the Z motor and Z axis. This is the default state of the firmware on power up.

M667 S1 selects CoreXY mode. Forward movement of the X motor moves the head in the +X and +Y directions. Forward movement of the Y motor moves the head in the -X and +Y directions.

M667 S2 selects CoreXZ mode. Forward movement of the X motor moves the head in the +X and +Z directions. Forward movement of the Z motor moves the head in the -X and +Z directions.

M667 S3 selects CoreYZ mode. Forward movement of the Y motor moves the head in the +Y and +Z directions. Forward movement of the Z motor moves the head in the -Y and +Z directions.

Additional parameters X, Y and Z may be given to specify factors to scale the motor movements by for the corresponding axes. For example, to specify a CoreXZ machine in which the Z axis moves 1/3 of the distance of the X axis for the same motor movement, use M667 S2 Z3. The default scaling factor after power up is 1.0 for all axes.

To change the motor directions, see the M569 command.

M700: Level plate

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	bq	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

¹ only in bq-Marlin Firmware

Example: M700

Script to adjust the plate level.

M701: Load filament

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	bq	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

¹ only in bq-Marlin Firmware

Example: M701

M702: Unload filament

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	bq	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

¹ only in bq-Marlin Firmware

Example: M702

M851: Set Z-Probe Offset

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	???	???	???	???	???	???

Sets the Z-Probe Offset saved in the EEPROM and this setting also works like M206 as well and this has priority over the z probe offset you set in marlin configuration.h setting

Example: M851 Z-4

The example above will set the z-probe offset EEPROM setting to -4mm below the nozzle and enables the nozzle travel 4mm lower than the probe triggered position. It is however, a good idea to keep the setting inside your configuration.h as well for your own future reference.

This command appears on pronterface after marlin dev 1.1.0, it is unknown that this command can be used on marlin 1.0.0

M906: Set motor currents

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	M907?
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

Example: M906 X300 Y500 Z200 E350

Sets the currents to send to the stepper motors for each axis. The values are in milliamps.

The dc42 fork of RepRapFirmware supports an additional I parameter. This is the percentage of normal that the motor currents should be reduced to when the printer becomes idle but the motors have not been switched off.

M907: Set digital trimpot motor

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

Set digital trimpot motor current using axis codes (X, Y, Z, E, B, S). In Redeem (http://bitbucket.org/intelligentagent/redeem/src/6153607ded91c100fb4e41e936e6d045e19eda29/redeem/gcodes/M907.py?at=slave_stepper), it sets the current in A (where M906 does in mA).

M908: Control digital trimpot directly

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	Yes: 0.92	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

M908 P<pin> S<current>

M909: Set microstepping

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

Example: M909 X3 Y5 Z2 E3

Set the microstepping value for each of the steppers. In Redeem this is implemented as 2^{value} , so

M909 X2 sets microstepping on X-axis to $2^2 = 4$,

M909 Y3 sets microstepping on Y-axis to $2^3 = 8$ etc.

M910: Set decay mode

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	Yes	No

Example: M910 X3 Y5 Z2 E3

Set the decay mode for each stepper controller The decay mode controls how the current is reduced and recycled by the H-bridge in the stepper motor controller. It varies how the implementations are done in silicone between controllers. Typically you have an on phase where the current flows in the target current, then an off phase where the current is reversed and then a slow decay phase where the current is recycled.

M928: Start SD logging

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	???	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M928 filename.g

Ended by M29.

M998: Request resend of line

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	No	Yes	???	???	???	No	No
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Example: M998 P34

Request a resend of line 34. In some implementations the input-handling code

overwrites the incoming G Code with this when it detects, for example, a checksum error. Then it leaves it up to the GCode interpreter actually to request the resend.

M999: Redémarrez après avoir été arrêté par erreur

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	No	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	No	No	No	???	No

Exemple: M999

Redémarre le firmware apres une erreur.

Other commands

G: List all G-codes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	???	No	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	???	???	???	???	???	???

Example: G

This lists all implemeted G-codes in the firmware with description and sends it back to the host.

(Note: this has been implemented in Redeem, and so is only a proposition)

M: List all M-codes

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	???	???	???	???	???	???	???
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	???	???	???	???	???	???

Example: M

This lists all implemeted M-codes in the firmware with description and sends it back to the host.

(Note: this has been implemented in Redeem, and so is only a proposition)

T: Select Tool

	Marlin	RepRapFirmware	Klipper	Prusa	Buddy	Repetier	Smoothie
Support	Yes	Yes	???	???	???	Yes	Yes
	grbl	Sprinter	BFB	FiveD	Machinekit	Redeem	Teacup
	???	No	???	Yes	???	???	Yes

Example: T1

Select tool (or in older implementations extruder) number 1 to build with.

The sequence followed is:

1. Set the current tool to its standby temperatures specified by G10 (see above),
2. Set the new tool to its operating temperatures specified by G10 and wait for **all** temperatures to stabilise,
3. Apply any X, Y, Z offset for the new tool specified by G10,
4. Use the new tool.

Selecting a non-existent tool (100, say) just does Step 1. above. That is to say it leaves all tools in their standby state. You can, of course, use the G10 command beforehand to set that standby temperature to anything you like.

Note that you may wish to move to a parking position *before* executing a T command in order to allow the new extruder to reach temperature while not in contact with the print. It is acceptable for the firmware to apply a small offset [by convention (-1mm x tool-number) in Y] to the current position when the above sequence is entered to allow temperature changes to take effect just away from the parking position. Any such offset must, of course, be undone when the procedure finishes.

If the Z value changes in the offsets and the tool moves up, then the Z move is made before the X and Y moves. If Z moves down, X and Y are done first.

Some implementations (e.g. RepRapFirmware) allow you to specify tool-change G Code macros. There are normally three specified (any of which can contain no commands if desired) that execute in this order:

1. Actions to do with the old tool before it is released - macro name: **tfreeN.g** where N is the tool number;
2. (Old tool is released);
3. Actions to do with the new tool before it is selected - macro name: **tpreN.g** where N is the tool number;
4. (New tool is selected); and
5. Actions to do with the new tool after it is selected - macro name: **tpostN.g** where N is the tool number.

With such implementations there is no wait for temperature stabilisation. That can be achieved by an M116 in any of the macros, of course.

After a reset tools will not start heating until they are selected. You can either put them all at their standby temperature by selecting them in turn, or leave them off so they only come on if/when you first use them. The M0, M1 and M112 commands turn them all off. You can, of course, turn them all off with the M1 command, then turn

some back on again. Don't forget also to turn on the heated bed (if any) if you use that trick.

Tool numbering may start at 0 or 1, depending on the implementation. Some implementations (those that use the M563 command to define tools) allow the user to specify tool numbers, so with them you can have tools 17, 99 and 203 if you want. Negative numbers are not allowed.

Proposed EEPROM configuration codes

BRIEFLY: each RepRap has a number of physical parameters that should be persistent, but easily configurable, such as extrusion steps/mm, various max values, etc. Those parameters are currently hardcoded in the firmware, so that a user has to modify, recompile and re-flash the firmware for any adjustments. These configs can be stored in MCU's EEPROM and modified via some M-codes. Please see the detailed proposal at M-codes for EEPROM config. *(This is proposed by --AlexRa on 11-March-2011. There is currently no working implementation of the proposed commands).*

Marlin uses codes M500-M503 to manipulate EEPROM values.

Sprinter has implemented the following commands to manipulate EEPROM Commit message (<https://github.com/kliment/Sprinter/commit/4b1b0f1d96d2be2ed3941095f40a5c2d2bbb943d>).

Teacup uses codes M130-M136 to set, read, and save some parameters.

Replies from the RepRap machine to the host computer

All communication is in printable ASCII characters. Messages sent back to the host computer are terminated by a newline and look like this:

**xx [line number to resend] [T:93.2 B:22.9] [C: X:9.2 Y:125.4 Z:3.7 E:1902.5]
[Some debugging or other information may be here]**

xx can be one of:

ok

rs

!!

ok means that no error has been detected.

rs means resend, and is followed by the line number to resend.

!! means that a hardware fault has been detected. The RepRap machine will shut down immediately after it has sent this message.

The **T:** and **B:** values are the temperature of the currently-selected extruder and the bed respectively, and are only sent in response to M105. If such temperatures don't exist (for example for an extruder that works at room temperature and doesn't have a

sensor) then a value below absolute zero (-273°C) is returned.

C: means that coordinates follow. Those are the **X: Y:** etc values. These are only sent in response to M114 and M117.

The RepRap machine may also send lines that look like this:

// This is some debugging or other information on a line on its own. It may be sent at any time.

Such lines will always be preceded by **//**.

On the latest version of Pronterface and soon Octoprint a special comment of the form:

// action:command

is allowed to be sent from the firmware, the command can currently be pause, resume or disconnect which will execute those commands on the host. As this is also a comment other hosts will just ignore these commands.

The most common response is simply:

ok

When the machine boots up it sends the string

start

once to the host before sending anything else. This should not be replaced or augmented by version numbers and the like. M115 (see above) requests those.

All this means that every line sent by RepRap to the host computer except the start line has a two-character prefix (one of **ok**, **rs**, **!!** or **//**). The machine should never send a line without such a prefix.

Exceptions:

1. Marlin 1.0.0 Gen6 Firmware does not follow the two character rule. 'rs' is actually 'Resend' and '!!' is 'Error'. Example Lines:

- Error: Line Number is not current line + 1. Last Line: 7
- Resend: 8
- Writing to File: print.gco
- Done saving file.
- File opened:print.gco Size:22992
- File selected

When in the code base did this change take place and what other firmwares are affected?

2. The dc42 fork of RepRapFirmware responds to some commands with a reply string in JSON format, terminated by a newline. This allows later firmware revisions to include additional information without confusing clients (e.g. PanelDue) that do not expect it, and to make responses self-describing so that the client will not be

confused if responses are delayed or lost. The commands affected are:

- M105 S2
- M105 S3
- M20 S2
- M36
- M408

Proposal for sending multiple lines of G-code

So far, this is a proposal, open for discussion.

Problem to solve

When using Marlin firmware or emulating Marlin, each line of G-code sent from the host to the controller is answered with an **ok** before the next line can be sent without locking communications up. This slows down communication and limits the number of commands that can be sent per second to the printer controller, as the USB stack on the host and the serial interface driver on the Arduino add their own latencies (up to 10 milliseconds). This is not a problem for other controller electronics using native USB such as the Duet, because the standard serial-over-USB drivers provide flow control, so the host software can be configured so as not to wait for the **ok**.

For more details on this proposal, some suggested solutions and comments, please see [GCODE_buffer_multiline_proposal](#)

Alternatives to G-code

Main article: [Firmware/Alternative#alternatives to G-code](#)

Several people have suggested using STEP-NC or some other control language; or perhaps designing a completely new control language.

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